

HERITAGE LODGE SCHEME

ARSN 089 099 249

FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

RESPONSIBLE ENTITY REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

The Directors of the Responsible Entity, Vasco Trustees Limited present their report on Heritage Lodge Scheme ('the Fund') for the year ended 30 June 2020. In order to comply with the provisions of the *Corporations Act 2001* the Directors report as follows:

1. Directors

The names of Directors of the Responsible Entity in office at any time during the financial year were:

Craig Mathew Dunstan Fiona Jean Dunstan Stephen George Hawkins (retired 2 July 2019) Jonathan William Martin Reginald Bancroft (appointed 2 July 2019)

2. Principal Activities

The Fund's principal activity is that of a managed investment scheme which operates 96 rooms and 6 suites at the Heritage Lodge Scheme Hotel located in the Yarra Valley Victoria. Each room represents 945 units in the Fund. Each suite represents 1546 units in the Fund.

3. Operating Results

The operating loss of the Fund for the financial year ending 30 June 2020 was \$282,477 (2019 profit: \$258,168).

4. Review of Operations

The result for the year to June was \$974,240 below budgeted revenue and \$769,726 behind last year's revenue. The Hotel operating profit was \$101,028. Hotel operating profit was \$449,629 behind the budgeted operating profit and \$372,948 behind last year's operating profit.

	2020	2019
Hotel Operating Profit	\$101,028	\$473,976
Scheme Costs	(\$383,505)	(\$215,808)
Net profit/(loss)	(\$282,477)	\$258,168

The 2020 financial year commenced strongly with revenue exceeding budget and there was a strong focus on attracting business through direct marketing across all areas of the business. A new website was launched in September 2019 to facilitate this. During Q2 there was a great deal of activity in relation to the sale of the Management Lot by Austpac Management Lot Fund to Richly Field Australia Pty Ltd, which resulted in significant legal costs of \$177,294 being incurred.

Despite the strong revenue experienced in January and February 2020, the negative effects of COVID-19 took a toll on revenue as cancellation enquiries started to build and new enquiries slowed down significantly. With the announcement of tighter travel bans and restrictions in the industry, the Hotel had little alternative but to close on 24 March 2020. The tough climate resulted in dilution of the year to date revenue gains, resulting in no distributions payable for the rest of the financial year.

During the period in which the Hotel was closed no responsible entity fee was paid.

A number of key management roles at the Hotel have undergone change during the year resulting in what we hope will be a more stable and accountable team.

RESPONSIBLE ENTITY REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

4. Review of Operations (continued)

There have been two room sales for the financial year ending 30 June 2020 (2019: three room sales). During the period since inception the Fund had in total 96 rooms and 6 suites. These are owned by a total of 93 unitholders.

With the Hotel Management Agreement and many of the Room Management Agreements expiring on 16 April 2022 both the Responsible Entity and Hotel Operator are turning their attention to the future of the Hotel and the Fund, and we will report back to the Room Owners in due course.

The Directors of the Responsible Entity resolved to change the name of Vasco Investment Managers Limited to Vasco Trustees Limited during the year, to better reflect the activities of the company as a corporate trustee and fiduciary. The ACN and other details remain unchanged.

5. Distributions Paid or Recommended

In accordance with the Room Management Agreement distributions are declared and paid on a quarterly basis from the net taxable income.

The following distributions have been paid or payable for the period to 30 June 2020:

Period	Distribution Paid	Room	Suite
30 September 2019	\$32,586	\$308	\$504

The total distributions paid during the financial year were \$32,586 (2019: \$329,851). Given the accumulated losses during the financial year, the distribution paid for the quarter ended 30 September 2019 based on the income for the quarter is considered a return of capital.

6. Redemption Arrangements

As detailed in the Fund's Constitution the Responsible Entity is not under any obligation to buy back, purchase or redeem units from unitholders. Consequently, no units were redeemed by the Responsible Entity during the reporting period. As the rooms and suites are not owned by the Fund, units can only be transferred to another Investor.

7. Options

No options over issued units or interests in the Fund were granted during or since the end of the financial year and there were no options outstanding at the date of this report. The Directors and executives of the Responsible Entity hold no options over interests in the Fund.

8. Proceedings on Behalf of the Fund

During the year the Responsible Entity on behalf of the Fund was involved in court proceedings in relation to the sale of the Management Lot. The proceedings were satisfactorily resolved.

Other than as mentioned above no person has applied to the court for leave to bring proceedings on behalf of the Fund, or to intervene in any proceedings to which the Fund is a party, for the purpose of taking responsibility on behalf of the Fund for all or any part of their proceedings.

9. Value of Fund Assets

The Gross Asset Value of the Fund's assets at the end of the reporting period was \$773,043 (2019: \$1,751,115). The Net Asset Value at the end of the reporting period was (\$163,342) (2019: \$151,721).

RESPONSIBLE ENTITY REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

10. Significant Changes in State of Affairs

Apart from those matters referred to in the previous sections of this Report, there have been no other significant changes to the state of affairs of the Fund during the financial year.

11. After Balance Date Events

No matters or circumstances have arisen since the end of the financial year which significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations of the Fund, the results of those operations, or the state of affairs of the Fund in future financial years other than as disclosed in this report.

12. Future Developments

On 16 September 2020 the Responsible Entity announced a capital raising from room owners and suite owners to raise approximately \$500,000 to meet future operating costs of the Fund.

There are no other future developments to report on which are not otherwise disclosed in this report.

13. Going Concern

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, which assumes continuity of normal business activities and the realisation of assets and the settlement of liabilities in the ordinary course of business.

During the financial year ended 30 June 2020, the Fund had a net loss of \$282,477 (2019: net profit: \$258,168) primarily as a result of the hotel closure as a consequence of COVID-19.

In addition, the Fund has a net current liability position at 30 June 2020 of \$297,986 (2019: \$34,625).

Consequently, there is material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt whether the Fund can continue as a going concern.

While noting the above factors, in assessing the appropriateness of the going concern basis the following factors have been taken into consideration by the Directors:

- The Directors are of the view that the Fund is expected to generate profits and positive cash flows in FY 21 as the economic consequences of COVID-19 are expected to be temporary
- The Directors are seeking to raise additional equity funds in order to meet liabilities as they fall due

On this basis no adjustments have been made to the financial report relating to classification and carrying amount of assets or the amount and classification of liabilities that would be necessary should the Fund not continue as a going concern. Accordingly, the financial report has been prepared on a going concern basis. Should the Fund be unable to obtain further funding, the Fund may in the future not be able to continue as a going concern and may therefore be required to realise assets and extinguish liabilities other than in the ordinary course of business with the amount realised being different from those shown in these financial statements.

RESPONSIBLE ENTITY REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

14. Indemnifying Officers or Auditor

During or since the end of the financial year, the Responsible Entity has paid insurance premiums to insure each of the aforementioned Directors as well as officers of the Responsible Entity against liabilities for costs and expenses incurred by them in defending any legal proceedings arising out of their conduct while acting in the capacity of the Responsible Entity, other than conduct involving a willful breach of duty in relation to the Responsible Entity.

The contract of insurance prohibits disclosure of the nature of the liability and the amount of the premium.

The Responsible Entity has not otherwise, during or since the end of the financial year indemnified or agreed to indemnify an officer or auditor of the Responsible Entity or of any related body corporate against a liability incurred as such an officer or auditor.

15. Fees, Commissions or Other Charges by the Responsible Entity, Investment Manager or Related Parties

Fees of \$62,626 (plus GST) were accrued and paid by the Fund to the Responsible Entity for the period. In addition, expenses of \$35,882 (plus GST) were accrued and paid by the Fund to the Responsible Entity.

16. Units held by the Responsible Entity or Related Parties

As at 30 June 2020 no units were held by the Responsible Entity.

17. Number of Interests on Issue

As at 30 June 2020, the number of units on issue in the Fund was 99,996, represented by 90,720 units issued to room owners and 9,276 units issued to suite owners.

18. Environmental Issues

The operations of the Fund are not subject to any particular or significant environmental regulations under a law of the Commonwealth or of a State or Territory in Australia.

19. Lead auditor's declaration under Section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001

The lead auditor's independence declaration is set out on the following page and forms part of the Responsible Entity's report for the year ended 30 June 2020.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors of Vasco Trustees Limited by:

Craig Mathew Dunstan Director 6 October 2020



Auditor's Independence Declaration under Section 307C of the Corporations Act2001 to the directors of Vasco Trustees Limited as Responsible Entity for Heritage Lodge

I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, during the year ended 30 June 2020 there have been:

- i. No contraventions of the auditor independence requirements as set out in the *Corporations Act 2001* in relation to the audit, and
- ii. No contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

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ShineWing Australia Chartered Accountants

Rami Eltchelebi Partner

Melbourne, 6 October 2020

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STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

	Notes	2020	2019
Revenue and other income		\$	\$
Room Revenue	2 (a)	2,483,136	3,244,941
Other income	2 (a) 2 (b)	21,926	29,847
	2 (8)	21,020	20,017
Total revenue and other income		2,505,062	3,274,788
Expenses			
Hotel overheads		1,193,131	1,313,741
Direct room costs		1,026,333	1,256,394
Hotel management fees		109,473	132,432
Responsible entity fees	3	62,626	81,870
Other Fund expenses	4	61,132	58,756
Legal costs	5	177,294	11,259
Owners' FF&E contribution	6	26,511	62,210
Depreciation expense		100,289	73,093
Audit fees	7	26,750	23,365
Tax advice	7	4,000	3,500
Total expenses		2,787,539	3,016,620
Net (loss)/profit attributed to unitholders		(282,477)	258,168
Finance costs attributable to unitholders			
Distributions paid		32,586	259,717
Distributions payable		-	70,135
Total comprehensive (loss)/income for the year attributable to unitholders		(315,063)	(71,684)

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30 JUNE 2020

	Notes	2020	2019
		\$	\$
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	8	614,795	1,538,228
Other assets	9	23,605	26,541
Total current assets		638,400	1,564,769
Non-current assets			
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	10	521,780	473,193
Less: accumulated depreciation	10	(387,136)	(286,847)
Total non-current assets		134,644	186,346
Total assets		773,044	1,751,115
Liabilities			
Trade and other payables	11	908,852	1,194,470
Pooled hotel funding	12	27,534	404,924
Total liabilities		936,386	1,599,394
Net (liabilities)/assets attributable to investors	_	(163,342)	151,721

HERITAGE LODGE SCHEME ARSN: 089 099 249 STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

Under Australian Accounting Standards, net assets attributable to unitholders are classified as a liability rather than equity. As a result, there was no equity at the start or the end of the financial year.

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

Ν	lotes	2020 \$	2019 \$
Cash flows from operating activities			
Room receipts and other income		2,505,062	3,333,041
Payments to suppliers		(2,948,079)	(2,907,173)
Interest received		-	-
Net cash flow from operating activities		(443,017)	425,868
Cash flows from financing activities			
Distribution to members		(103,026)	(291,812)
Pooled hotel funding		(377,390)	71,006
Net cash flow from financing activities		(480,416)	(220,806)
Net (decrease) /increase in cash held		(923,433)	205,062
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of financial year		1,538,228	1,333,166
Cash and cash equivalents at end of financial year		614,795	1,538,228

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

NOTE 1: SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Reporting Entity

The financial report is for the Heritage Lodge Scheme ('the Fund'). The Fund is a registered managed investment scheme established and domiciled in Australia. The Responsible Entity of the Fund is Vasco Trustees Limited.

Basis of Preparation

(a) Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, which assumes continuity of normal business activities and the realisation of assets and the settlement of liabilities in the ordinary course of business.

During the financial year ended 30 June 2020, the Fund had a net loss of \$282,477 (2019: net profit: \$258,168) primarily as a result of the hotel closure as a consequence of COVID-19.

In addition, the Fund has a net current liability position at 30 June 2020 of \$297,986 (2019: \$34,625).

Consequently, there is material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt whether the Fund can continue as a going concern.

While noting the above factors, in assessing the appropriateness of the going concern basis the following factors have been taken into consideration by the Directors:

- The Directors are of the view that the Fund is expected to generate profits and positive cash flows in FY 21 as the economic consequences of COVID-19 are expected to be temporary
- The Directors are seeking to raise additional equity funds in order to meet liabilities as they fall due

On this basis no adjustments have been made to the financial report relating to classification and carrying amount of assets or the amount and classification of liabilities that would be necessary should the Fund not continue as a going concern. Accordingly, the financial report has been prepared on a going concern basis. Should the Fund be unable to obtain further funding, the Fund may in the future not be able to continue as a going concern and may therefore be required to realise assets and extinguish liabilities other than in the ordinary course of business with the amount realised being different from those shown in these financial statements.

(b) Statement of compliance

The financial report is a general purpose financial report which has been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards (including the Australian Accounting interpretations) adopted by the Australian Accounting Standards Board ("AASB") and the *Corporations Act 2001*. The financial report of the Fund complies with International Financial Reporting Standards and interpretations adopted by the International Accounting Standards Board.

Heritage Lodge Scheme is a for-profit entity for the purpose of preparing the financial statements.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors of the Responsible Entity on 6 October 2020.

(c) Basis of measurement

The financial report is prepared on the historical cost basis except for the following material items in the statement of financial position:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

NOTE 1: SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(d) Functional and presentation currency

These financial statements are presented in Australian dollars, which is the Fund's functional currency.

(e) Use of estimates and judgements

The preparation of financial statements requires the Directors of the Responsible Entity to undertake a number of judgements, estimates and assumptions about the recognition and measurement of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised and in any future periods affected.

(f) Critical Accounting Judgements

The Directors of the responsible entity evaluate judgements incorporated into the financial statements based on historical knowledge and best available current information.

Key judgements

Payroll provision

The Fund recognises a payroll provision in relation to its share of employee benefit costs of the Hotel in accordance with the Constitution.

Judgement is utilised in estimating the amount of leave to be utilised and the future employment length of hotel staff.

Significant accounting policies

(a) Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised on the Fund's Statement of Financial Position when the Fund becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

(i) Measurement

Financial assets are recognised when the Relevant Entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions to the instrument. For financial assets, this is the date that the Relevant Entity commits itself to either the purchase or sale of the asset (i.e. trade date accounting is adopted).

Financial assets are initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs, except where the instrument is classified as fair value through profit or loss, in which case transaction costs are expensed to profit or loss immediately.

Where available, quoted prices in an active market are used to determine fair value. In other circumstances, valuation techniques are adopted.

Amortised Cost

A financial asset is subsequently measured at amortised cost if it meets the following conditions:

- the financial asset is managed solely to collect contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms within the financial asset give rise to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding on specified dates.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

NOTE 1: SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued) Significant accounting policies (continued)

(a) Financial instruments (continued)

(i) Measurement (continued)

Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income

A financial asset is subsequently measured at fair value through other comprehensive income if it meets the following conditions:

- the contractual terms within the financial asset give rise to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding on specified dates; and
- the business model for managing the financial asset comprises both contractual cash flows collection and the selling of the financial asset.

Fair Value through Profit or Loss

By default, all other financial assets that do not meet the conditions of amortised cost and the fair value through other comprehensive income's measurement condition are subsequently measured at fair value through profit or loss.

Financial Liabilities

Financial liabilities are recognised when the Relevant Entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions to the instrument.

Financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs, except where the instrument is classified "at fair value through profit or loss", in which case transaction costs are expensed to profit or loss immediately. Where available, quoted prices in an active market are used to determine fair value. In other circumstances, valuation techniques are adopted.

(ii) Categorisation

The Fund's financial instruments are categorised as follows:

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts, when applicable, are shown within short-term borrowings in current liabilities in the statement of financial position.

Impairment

Financial assets that are stated at cost or amortised cost are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is objective evidence of impairment. If any such indication exists, an impairment loss is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate.

Expected credit losses are the probability-weighted estimate of credit losses over the expected life of a financial instrument. A credit loss is the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due and all cash flows expected to be received, all discounted at the original effective interest rate of the financial instrument.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

NOTE 1: SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued) Significant accounting policies (continued)

(a) Financial instruments (continued)

(ii) Categorisation (continued)

De-recognition

The Fund derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire or it transfers the financial asset and the transfer qualifies for de-recognition in accordance with AASB 9. A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expired.

Financial liabilities and equity

Financial liabilities and equity instruments issued by the Fund are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument. The accounting policies adopted for specific financial liabilities and equity instruments are set out below:

Interest income

Interest income and expense is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income as it accrues, using the original effective interest rate of the instrument calculated at the acquisition or origination date. Interest income includes the amortisation of any discount or premium, transaction costs or other difference between the initial carrying amount of an interest-bearing instrument and its amount at maturity calculated on an effective interest rate basis.

Interest income is recognised on a gross basis, including withholding tax, if any.

Expenses

All expenses, including management fees, are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income on an accrual basis.

Finance Cost

Distributions paid and payable on investor funds are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income as finance costs and as a liability where not paid. Distributions paid are included in cash flows from operating activities in the statement of cash flows.

Distribution and taxation

The Fund's Constitution requires that the Fund distribute, at a minimum, the "net income" (as defined in the *Income Tax Assessment Act 1936*) derived during the financial year.

The Fund is not subject to income tax as the taxable income is distributed in full to the investors. The Fund fully distributes its distributable income, calculated in accordance with the Fund constitution and applicable taxation legislation, to the unit-holders who are presently entitled to the income under the constitution.

Financial instruments held at fair value may include unrealised capital gains. Should such a gain be realised that portion of the gain that is subject to capital gains tax will be distributed so that the Fund is not subject to capital gains tax.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

NOTE 1: SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued) Significant accounting policies (continued)

(b) Goods and services tax (GST)

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of GST, except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office. In these circumstances the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of an item of expense. Receivables and payables in the statement of financial position are shown inclusive of GST, and accruals are shown exclusive of GST.

(c) Income tax

Under current legislation, the Fund is not liable for income tax provided its taxable income is fully distributed to unitholders.

(d) Critical judgements and significant accounting estimates

The preparation of financial statements requires the Directors of the Responsible Entity to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

(e) Trade and Other Payables

Trade and other payables represent the liabilities for goods and services received by the Fund that remain unpaid at the end of the reporting period. The balance is recognised as a current liability with the amounts normally paid within 30 days of recognition of the liability.

(f) Revenue and Other Income

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable after taking into account any trade discounts and volume rebates allowed.

Revenue recognition relating to the provision of services is determined with reference to the stage of completion of the transaction at the end of the reporting period and where the outcome of the contract can be estimated reliably. Stage of completion is determined with reference to the services performed to date as a percentage of total anticipated services to be performed. Where the outcome cannot be estimated reliably, revenue is recognised only to the extent that related expenditure is recoverable.

Revenue is deferred when fees are received upfront but where associated services are yet to be performed. Any consideration deferred for more than one year is treated as a financing arrangement and is discounted at a rate of interest that is generally accepted in the market for similar arrangements. The difference between the amount initially recognised and the amount ultimately received is interest revenue.

Interest revenue is recognised using the effective interest method, which, for floating rate financial assets is the rate inherent in the instrument.

All revenue is stated net of the amount of Goods and Services Tax (GST).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

NOTE 1: SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued) Significant accounting policies (continued)

(g) Trade Receivables

Trade receivables include amounts due from customers for goods sold and services performed in the ordinary course of business. Receivables expected to be collected within 12 months of the end of the reporting period are classified as current assets. All other receivables are classified as non-current assets.

Trade and other receivables are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any provision for impairment. Refer to Note 1(d) for further discussion on the determination of impairment losses.

(h) Foreign Exchange

Items included in the financial records are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (functional currency). The financial statements are presented in Australian dollars, which is the presentation currency of the Fund.

(i) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Fund has a legal or constructive obligation, as a result of past events, for which it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will result and that outflow can be reliably measured. Provisions are measured using the best estimate of the amounts required to settle the obligation at the end of the reporting period.

(j) New accounting standards and interpretations

The Fund has adopted AASB 16 during the year ended 30 June 2020. There was no material impact upon adoption as all leases fell under the low value exemption.

A number of new standards, amendments to standards and interpretations are effective for annual periods beginning after 1 January 2020, and have not been early adopted in preparing these financial statements. None of these are expected to have a material effect on the financial statements of the Fund.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

NOTE 2: REVENUE

The Fund's revenue may be analysed under the following categories

(a) Room revenue

	2020	2019
	\$	\$
Room revenue	2,483,136	3,244,941
	2,483,136	3,244,941
(b) Other income		
	2020	2019
	\$	\$
Credit Card Surcharge	21,926	29,847
	21,926	29,847

NOTE 3: RESPONSIBLE ENTITY FEES

	2020	2019
	\$	\$
Responsible entity fees	62,626	81,870
	62,626	81,870

In accordance with the Hotel Management Agreement (HMA) the Responsible Entity is entitled to an amount equal to 2.5% of revenue payable monthly in arrears.

NOTE 4: OTHER FUND EXPENSES

	2020	2019
	\$	\$
Accountancy	17,941	17,647
Custody and compliance	30,702	30,193
Filing fees	1,240	1,224
Bank fees	195	192
Administration expenses	9,350	9,500
Meeting expenses	1,704	-
	61,132	58,756

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

NOTE 5: LEGAL COSTS

	2020	2019
	\$	\$
Legal costs	177,294	11,259
	177,294	11,259

During FY2020 legal costs increased significantly given court proceedings in relation to the sale of the Management Lot.

NOTE 6: OWNERS FF&E CONTRIBUTION

	2020	2019
	\$	\$
FF&E Contribution	26,511	62,210
	26,511	62,210

An amount equal to 3% of revenue is transferred to a separate account to be used to replace furniture, fixtures and equipment of a capital nature when required

NOTE 7: REMUNERATION OF AUDITORS

The auditor of the Fund for the financial year ending 30 June 2020 was ShineWing Australia.

Hayley Underwood of ShineWing Australia was the Compliance Plan auditor.

The fees paid or agreed to be paid by the Fund are disclosed below.

	2020	2019
	\$	\$
Remuneration of Auditors:		
Audit services		
Audit of financial report	18,000	18,000
Other regulatory audit services	7,000	7,000
	25,000	25,000
Other services		
Taxation services	4,000	3,500
	4,000	3,500
	39,750	28,500

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

NOTE 8: CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash at bank

Cash on deposit is held with ANZ Banking Group	2020	2019
	\$	\$
Heritage Lodge Scheme operating account	190,959	435,689
Yarra Valley Lodge revenue account	93,380	616,230
Yarra Valley Lodge operating account (Fund share)	(22,349)	165,875
FF&E reserve	352,805	320,434
	614,795	1,538,228

NOTE 9: OTHER ASSETS

	2020	2019
	\$	\$
Trade debtors	9,160	880
Prepayments	14,445	25,661
	23,605	26,541

NOTE 10: NON-CURRENT ASSETS

	2020 \$	2019 \$
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	521,780	473,193
Less: accumulated depreciation	(387,136)	(286,847)
	134,644	186,346

NOTE 11: TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

	2020	2019
	\$	\$
Accounts payable	-	40,037
Accrued expenses	109,985	185,310
Deposits held	359,405	473,496
Provision for FF&E	354,348	327,838
Payroll provision	84,807	97,654
Distribution payable	307	70,135
	908,852	1,194,470

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

NOTE 12: POOLED HOTEL FUNDING

	2020	2019
Management Lot inter entity loan	\$	\$
	27,534	404,924
	27,534	404,924

As the Hotel revenue account is held by the Fund's custodian, this amount is the balance owing to the Management Lot owner and has no interest payable or specific repayment date.

NOTE 13: RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Fund's related parties include those described below.

Unless otherwise stated, none of the transactions incorporate special terms and conditions and no guarantees were given or received. Outstanding balances are usually settled in cash.

(a) Responsible Entity

The Responsible Entity of the Heritage Lodge Scheme is Vasco Trustees Limited.

Fees of \$62,626 (plus GST) were accrued and paid by the Fund to Vasco Trustees Limited for its role as Responsible Entity for the period.

Expenses of \$35,882 (plus GST) were accrued and paid by the Fund to Vasco Trustees Limited for out of pocket expenses incurred by the Responsible Entity for the period.

While the Responsible Entity has power over the relevant activities of the Fund pursuant to the management agreement, the Responsible Entity does not have sufficient exposure and rights to variable returns from its involvement with the Fund to meet the criteria necessary for control in AASB 10: Consolidated Financial Statements. Accordingly, the Responsible Entity is not considered to be the parent. However, for the purpose of AASB 124: Related Party Disclosures, the Directors consider that the Responsible Entity is a related party of the Fund as it is the management entity. Accordingly, both the Responsible Entity and its Directors are considered to be key management personnel of the Fund.

(b) Key management personnel

The Directors of Vasco Trustees Limited, being the Responsible Entity of the Heritage Lodge Scheme, have the authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the entity, directly or indirectly, and are considered Key Management Personnel (KMP) of the Fund.

(c) Other Related Parties

Other related parties include close family members of KMP and entities that are controlled or significantly influenced by those KMP or their close family members, individually or collectively.

(d) Transactions with Related Parties

Transactions between related parties are on normal commercial terms and conditions no more favourable than those available to other parties unless otherwise stated.

(e) Remuneration of Key Management Personnel

The Directors are not remunerated by the Fund.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

NOTE 14: CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

There are no contingent liabilities at the end of the period.

NOTE 15: EVENTS SUBSEQUENT TO REPORTING DATE

On 16 September 2020 the Responsible Entity announced a capital raising from room owners and suite owners to raise approximately \$500,000 to meet future operating costs of the Fund.

As at the date of this report, there have been no other events subsequent to the reporting date that require additional disclosure.

NOTE 16: FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Fund's financial instruments consist of deposits with banks, accounts receivable and accounts payable.

The Responsible Entity does not consider that the Fund is exposed to any significant financial risk. The Responsible Entity's overall risk management strategy seeks to assist the Fund in meeting its financial targets, whilst minimising potential adverse effects on financial performance. The risk management policies are approved and reviewed by the Responsible Entity on a regular basis.

NOTE 17: RESPONSIBLE ENTITY DETAILS

The registered office and the principal place of business of the Responsible Entity are:

Vasco Trustees Limited Level 5 488 Bourke Street Melbourne Victoria 3000

DIRECTORS' DECLARATION

In the opinion of the Directors of Heritage Lodge Scheme:

- (a) The financial statements and notes of Heritage Lodge Scheme are in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001,* including
 - (i) Complying with Accounting Standards, the *Corporations Regulations 2001* and other mandatory professional reporting obligations; and
 - (ii) Giving a true and fair view of its financial position as at 30 June 2020 and its performance for this financial year ended on that date;
- (b) There are reasonable grounds to believe that Heritage Lodge Scheme will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.
- (c) Note 1 confirms the financial statements comply with International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the Directors.

Craig Mathew Dunstan Director 6 October 2020



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO THE UNITHOLDERS OF HERITAGE LODGE

Opinion

We have audited the financial report of Heritage Lodge (the Fund) which comprises the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2020, the statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies, and the Responsible Entity directors' declaration.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial report of the Fund is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:

- (a) giving a true and fair view of the Fund's financial position as at 30 June 2020 and of its financial performance for the year then ended; and
- (b) complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report* section of our report. We are independent of the Fund in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional & Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including Independence Standards)* (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We confirm that the independence declaration required by the Corporations Act 2001, which has been given to the directors of the Responsible Entity of the Fund, would be in the same terms if given to the directors as at the time of this auditor's report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Material Uncertainty Related to Going Concern

We draw attention to Note 1 of the financial report which states that the Fund has net current liabilities of \$297,986 primarily as a result of the hotel closure as a consequence of COVID-19. As stated in Note 1, these events or conditions, along with other matters as set forth in Note 1, indicate that a material uncertainty exists that may cast significant doubt on the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

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Information Other than the Financial Report and Auditor's Report Thereon

The directors of the Responsible Entity are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Fund's annual report for the year ended 30 June 2020, but does not include the financial report and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the Responsible Entity Directors for the Financial Report

The directors of the Responsible Entity of the Fund are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001* and for such internal control as the directors of the Responsible Entity determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error

In preparing the financial report, the directors of the Responsible Entity are responsible for assessing the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors of the Responsible Entity either intend to liquidate the Fund or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
 appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the
 Fund's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors of the Responsible Entity.

- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Responsible Entity directors' use of the going concern basis of
 accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events
 or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern. If we
 conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the
 related disclosures in the financial report or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our
 conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future
 events or conditions may cause the Fund to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the disclosures, and whether the financial report represents the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the directors of the Responsible Entity regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

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ShineWing Australia Chartered Accountants

miller-

Rami Eltchelebi Partner

Melbourne, 7 October 2020