

# **ChinaAMC China Opportunities Fund**

ARSN 607 143 573

## **Annual report**

**For the year ended 30 June 2018**

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## Annual report

### For the year ended 30 June 2018

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This annual report covers ChinaAMC China Opportunities Fund as an individual entity.

The Responsible Entity of ChinaAMC China Opportunities Fund is EQT Responsible Entity Services Ltd (ABN 94 101 103 011) (AFSL 223271).

The Responsible Entity's registered office is:  
Level 1, 575 Bourke Street,  
Melbourne VIC 3000.

## Directors' report

The directors of EQT Responsible Entity Services Ltd, the Responsible Entity of ChinaAMC China Opportunities Fund (the "Fund"), present their report together with the financial statements of the Fund for the year ended 30 June 2018.

### Principal activities

The Fund was constituted on 17 July 2015.

The Fund invests in listed equity securities in accordance with the Product Disclosure Statement and the provisions of the Fund's Constitution.

The Fund did not have any employees during the year.

There were no significant changes in the nature of the Fund's activities during the year.

The various service providers for the Fund are detailed below:

<b>Service</b>	<b>Provider</b>
Responsible Entity	EQT Responsible Entity Services Ltd*
Investment Manager	Vasco Investment Managers Limited
Custodian and Administrator	BNP Paribas Fund Services Australasia Pty Ltd
Statutory Auditor	Ernst & Young

\* On 29 March 2018 EQT Holdings Limited acquired OneVue RE Services Limited, the Responsible Entity of the Fund. On 3 April 2018 OneVue RE Services Limited changed its name to EQT Responsible Entity Services Ltd.

### Directors

The following persons held office as directors of OneVue RE Services Limited from 1 July 2017 to 29 March 2018:

Nigel Cameron Stokes  
 Karen Nita Gibson  
 Alexander Wise  
 Vincent Leo Plant

The following persons held office as directors of EQT Responsible Entity Services Ltd from 29 March 2018 and up to the date of this report:

Philip D Gentry	Chairman
Harvey H Kalman	
Travis R Goudie	

### Review and results of operations

During the year, the Fund continued to invest its funds in accordance with the Product Disclosure Statement and the provisions of the Fund's Constitution.

The Fund's performance was 26.12% (net of fees) for the year ended 30 June 2018. The Fund's benchmark, MSCI China Index returned 24.01% for the same period.

The performance of the Fund, as represented by the results of its operations, was as follows:

	<b>Year ended</b>	
	<b>30 June 2018</b>	<b>30 June 2017</b>
Operating profit for the year (\$'000)	<b>1,857</b>	1,389
Distributions paid and payable (\$'000)	<b>357</b>	-
Distributions (cents per unit)	<b>2.70</b>	-

## Directors' report (continued)

### Significant changes in the state of affairs

The Fund has amended its Constitution to change the obligation to distribute trust income to unit holders effective 1 July 2017 as part of a process to become eligible to elect into the new Attribution Managed Investment Trust ("AMIT") tax regime.

In the opinion of the directors, there were no other significant changes in the state of affairs of the Fund that occurred during the financial year.

### Matters subsequent to the end of the financial year

No matter or circumstance has arisen since 30 June 2018 that has significantly affected, or may have a significant effect on:

- (i) the operations of the Fund in future financial years;
- (ii) the results of those operations in future financial years; or
- (iii) the state of the affairs of the Fund in future financial years

### Likely developments and expected results of operations

The Fund will continue to be managed in accordance with the investment objectives and guidelines as set out in the Product Disclosure Statement and the provisions of the Fund's Constitution.

The results of the Fund's operations will be affected by a number of factors, including the performance of investment markets in which the Fund invests. Investment performance is not guaranteed and future returns may differ from past returns. As investment conditions change over time, past returns should not be used to predict future returns.

### Indemnification and insurance of officers

No insurance premiums are paid for out of the assets of the Fund in regards to insurance cover provided to the officers of EQT Responsible Entity Services Ltd. So long as the officers of EQT Responsible Entity Services Ltd act in accordance with the Fund's Constitution and the Law, the officers remain indemnified out of the assets of the Fund against losses incurred while acting on behalf of the Fund.

### Indemnification of auditor

The Responsible Entity has not, during or since the end of the financial year, except to the extent permitted by law, indemnified or agreed to indemnify the auditor of the Fund against a liability incurred as auditor.

### Fees paid to and interests held in the Fund by the Responsible Entity and its associates

Fees paid to the Responsible Entity and its associates out of Fund property during the year are disclosed in Note 14 to the financial statements.

No fees were paid out of Fund property to the directors of the Responsible Entity during the year.

The number of interests in the Fund held by the Responsible Entity or its associates as at the end of the financial year are disclosed in Note 14 to the financial statements.

### Interests in the Fund

The movement in units on issue in the Fund during the year is disclosed in Note 7 to the financial statements.

The value of the Fund's assets and liabilities is disclosed on the statement of financial position and derived using the basis set out in Note 2 to the financial statements.

### Environmental regulation

The operations of the Fund are not subject to any particular or significant environmental regulations under Commonwealth, State or Territory law.

### Rounding of amounts to the nearest thousand dollars

Amounts in the Directors' report have been rounded to the nearest thousand dollars in accordance with *ASIC Corporations (Rounding in Financial/Directors' Reports) Instrument 2016/191*, unless otherwise indicated.

## Directors' report (continued)

### Auditor's independence declaration

A copy of the Auditor's independence declaration as required under section 307C of the *Corporations Act 2001* is set out on page 5.

This report is made in accordance with a resolution of the directors of EQT Responsible Entity Services Ltd through a delegated authority given by the EQT Responsible Entity Services Ltd's Board.



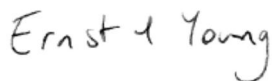
Philip D Gentry  
Chairman

Melbourne  
26 September 2018

## Auditor's Independence Declaration to the unitholders of ChinaAMC China Opportunities Fund

As lead auditor for the audit of ChinaAMC China Opportunities Fund for the financial year ended 30 June 2018, I declare to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been:

- a) no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* in relation to the audit; and
- b) no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.



Ernst & Young



Rohit Khanna  
Partner  
Sydney  
26 September 2018

## Statement of comprehensive income

	Note	Year ended	
		30 June 2018 \$'000	30 June 2017 \$'000
<b>Investment income</b>			
Interest income		6	1
Dividends and trust distributions income		195	79
Net foreign exchange gain/(loss)		10	(4)
Net gains/(losses) on financial instruments held at fair value through profit or loss	5	<u>2,029</u>	<u>1,441</u>
<b>Total investment income/(loss)</b>		<u>2,240</u>	<u>1,517</u>
<b>Expenses</b>			
Management fees	14	258	61
Withholding taxes		9	3
Transaction costs		29	14
Fixed expense recovery fees	14	51	49
Other expenses		<u>36</u>	<u>1</u>
<b>Total expenses</b>		<u>383</u>	<u>128</u>
<b>Operating profit/(loss) for the year</b>		<u>1,857</u>	<u>1,389</u>
<b>Finance costs attributable to unit holders*</b>			
(Increase)/decrease in net assets attributable to unit holders	7	<u>-</u>	<u>(1,389)</u>
<b>Profit/(loss) for the year</b>		<u>1,857</u>	<u>-</u>
Other comprehensive income		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
<b>Total comprehensive income for the year</b>		<u>1,857</u>	<u>-</u>

\* Net assets attributable to unit holders are reclassified from liabilities to equity from 1 July 2017. As a result, the Fund's distributions are no longer classified as finance costs in the statement of comprehensive income, but rather as distributions paid and payable in the statement of changes in equity. Refer to Note 1 and Note 7 for further detail.

*The above statement of comprehensive income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.*

**Statement of financial position**

		<b>As at</b>	
	Note	<b>30 June 2018 \$'000</b>	30 June 2017 \$'000
<b>Assets</b>			
Cash and cash equivalents	9	3,334	550
Receivables	11	83	68
Financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss	6	<u>15,858</u>	<u>4,946</u>
<b>Total assets</b>		<u><b>19,275</b></u>	<u><b>5,564</b></u>
<b>Liabilities</b>			
Distributions payable	8	357	-
Payables	12	9	11
Due to brokers - payable for securities purchased		<u>-</u>	<u>56</u>
<b>Total liabilities (30 June 2017: excluding net assets attributable to unit holders)</b>		<u><b>366</b></u>	<u><b>67</b></u>
<b>Net assets attributable to unit holders - liability</b>	7	<u>-</u>	<u>5,497</u>
<b>Net assets attributable to unit holders - equity*</b>	7	<u><b>18,909</b></u>	<u>-</u>

\* Net assets attributable to unit holders are classified as equity at 30 June 2018 and as a financial liability at 30 June 2017. Refer to Note 1 for further detail.

*The above statement of financial position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.*



**Statement of changes in equity**

	Note	Year ended	
		30 June 2018 \$'000	30 June 2017 \$'000
<b>Total equity at the beginning of the financial year</b>		-	-
Reclassification due to AMIT tax regime implementation*	7	5,497	-
<b>Comprehensive income for the year</b>			
Profit/(loss) for the year		1,857	-
Other comprehensive income		-	-
<b>Total comprehensive income</b>		<u>1,857</u>	<u>-</u>
<b>Transactions with unit holders</b>			
Applications	7	13,529	-
Redemptions	7	(1,617)	-
Reinvestment of distributions	7	-	-
Distributions paid and payable	7	(357)	-
<b>Total transactions with unit holders</b>		<u>11,555</u>	<u>-</u>
<b>Total equity at the end of the financial year*</b>		<u><u>18,909</u></u>	<u><u>-</u></u>

\* Effective from 1 July 2017, the Fund's units have been reclassified from financial liability to equity. Refer to Note 1 for further detail. As a result, equity transactions, including distributions have been disclosed in the above statement for the year ended 30 June 2018.

*The above statement of changes in equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.*

## Statement of cash flows

	Note	Year ended	
		30 June 2018 \$'000	30 June 2017 \$'000
<b>Cash flows from operating activities</b>			
Proceeds from sale of financial instruments held at fair value through profit or loss		5,221	4,286
Purchase of financial instruments held at fair value through profit or loss		(14,160)	(3,392)
Interest income received		5	1
Dividends and distributions received		132	112
GST received		2	1
Other income received		47	24
Management fees paid		(255)	(67)
Withholding tax paid		(9)	(3)
Transaction costs paid		(29)	(14)
Fixed expense recovery fees paid		(56)	(44)
Other expenses paid		(36)	(1)
<b>Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities</b>	10(a)	<u>(9,138)</u>	<u>903</u>
<b>Cash flows from financing activities</b>			
Proceeds from applications by unit holders		13,529	982
Payments for redemptions by unit holders		(1,617)	(1,452)
<b>Net cash inflow/(outflow) from financing activities</b>		<u>11,912</u>	<u>(470)</u>
<b>Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents</b>		<b>2,774</b>	<b>433</b>
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		550	121
Effect of foreign currency exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents		10	(4)
<b>Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year</b>	9	<u>3,334</u>	<u>550</u>

*The above statement of cash flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.*

## Notes to the financial statements

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## **1 General information**

These financial statements cover ChinaAMC China Opportunities Fund (the "Fund") as an individual entity. The Fund is an Australian registered managed investment scheme which was constituted on 17 July 2015 and will terminate in accordance with the provisions of the Fund's Constitution or by Law.

The Responsible Entity of the Fund is EQT Responsible Entity Services Ltd (ABN 94 101 103 011) (AFSL 223271) (the "Responsible Entity"). The Responsible Entity's registered office is Level 1, 575 Bourke Street Melbourne VIC 3000. The financial statements are presented in the Australian currency unless otherwise noted.

The Fund invests in listed equity securities in accordance with the Product Disclosure Statement and the provisions of the Fund's Constitution.

On 5 May 2016, a new tax regime applying to Managed Investment Trusts ("MITs") was established under the *Tax Laws Amendment (New Tax System for Managed Investment Trusts) Act 2016*. The Attribution Managed Investment Trust ("AMIT") regime allows MITs that meet certain requirements to make an irrevocable choice to be an AMIT. In order to allow the Fund to elect into the AMIT tax regime, the Fund's Constitution has been amended and the other conditions to adopt the AMIT tax regime have been met effective 1 July 2017. The Responsible Entity is therefore no longer contractually obligated to pay distributions. Consequently the units in the Fund have been reclassified from a financial liability to equity on 1 July 2017, see Note 7 for further information.

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the directors on the date the Directors' declaration was signed. The directors of the Responsible Entity have the power to amend and reissue the financial statements.

## **2 Summary of significant accounting policies**

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all years presented, unless otherwise stated in the following text.

### **(a) Basis of preparation**

These general purpose financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board (AASB) and the *Corporations Act 2001* in Australia. The Fund is a for-profit entity for the purpose of preparing the financial statements.

The financial statements are prepared on the basis of fair value measurement of assets and liabilities, except where otherwise stated.

The statement of financial position is presented on a liquidity basis. Assets and liabilities are presented in decreasing order of liquidity and do not distinguish between current and non-current. All balances are expected to be recovered or settled within 12 months, except for investments in financial assets and liabilities and net assets attributable to unit holders.

The Fund manages financial assets at fair value through profit or loss based on the economic circumstances at any given point in time, as well as to meet any liquidity requirements. As such, it is expected that a portion of the portfolio will be realised within 12 months, however, an estimate of that amount cannot be determined as at reporting date.

In the case of net assets attributable to unit holders, the units are redeemable on demand at the unit holder's option. However, holders of these instruments typically retain them for the medium to long term. As such, the amount expected to be settled within 12 months cannot be reliably determined.

#### *(i) Compliance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS)*

The financial statements of the Fund also comply with IFRS as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB).

#### *(ii) New and amended standards adopted by the Fund*

There are no standards, interpretations or amendments to existing standards that are effective for the first time for the financial year beginning 1 July 2017 that have a material impact on the amounts recognised in the prior periods or will affect the current or future periods.

## 2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

### (a) Basis of preparation (continued)

#### (iii) *New standards and interpretations not yet adopted*

Certain new accounting standards and interpretations have been published that are not mandatory for the 30 June 2018 reporting period and have not been early adopted by the Fund. The directors' assessment of the impact of these new standards (to the extent relevant to the Fund) and interpretations is set out below:

- *AASB 9 Financial Instruments* (and applicable amendments) (effective from 1 January 2018)

AASB 9 addresses the classification, measurement and derecognition of financial assets and financial liabilities. It has now also introduced revised rules around hedge accounting and impairment. The standard is not applicable until 1 January 2018 but is available for early adoption. The directors do not expect this to have a significant impact on the recognition, classification and measurement of the Fund's financial instruments as they are carried at fair value through profit or loss. The derecognition rules have not changed from the previous requirements, and the Fund does not apply hedge accounting. AASB 9 introduces a new impairment model. However, as the Fund's investments are all held at fair value through profit or loss, the change in impairment rules will not impact the Fund.

- *AASB 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers* (effective from 1 January 2018)

AASB 15 will replace AASB 118 *Revenue* which covers contracts for goods and services and AASB 111 *Construction Contracts* which covers construction contracts. AASB 15 is based on the principle that revenue is recognised when control of a good or service transfers to a customer – so the notion of control replaces the existing notion of risks and rewards.

The Fund's main sources of income are interest, dividends and trust distributions and gains on financial instruments held at fair value. All of these are outside the scope of the new revenue standard. As a consequence, the directors do not expect the adoption of AASB 15 to have a significant impact on the Fund's accounting policies or the amounts recognised in the financial statements.

There are no other standards that are not yet effective and that are expected to have a material impact on the Fund in the current or future reporting periods and on foreseeable future transactions.

### (b) Financial instruments

#### (i) *Classification*

The Fund's investments are classified as held at fair value through profit or loss. They comprise of:

- Financial instruments designated at fair value through profit or loss upon initial recognition

These include financial assets and liabilities that are not held for trading purposes and which may be sold. These are investments in listed equity securities.

Financial assets and liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss at inception are those that are managed and their performance evaluated on a fair value basis in accordance with the Fund's documented investment strategy as outlined in the Product Disclosure Statement. The Fund's policy is for the Investment Manager to evaluate the information about these financial instruments on a fair value basis together with other related financial information.

#### (ii) *Recognition and derecognition*

The Fund recognises financial assets and financial liabilities on the date it becomes party to the contractual agreement (trade date) and recognises changes in fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities from this date.

Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the financial assets have expired or the Fund has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership. Financial liabilities are derecognised when the obligation under the liabilities are discharged.

#### (iii) *Measurement*

- *Financial instruments held at fair value through profit or loss*

At initial recognition, the Fund measures a financial asset at its fair value. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are expensed in the statement of comprehensive income.

## 2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

### (b) Financial instruments (continued)

#### (iii) Measurement (continued)

Subsequent to initial recognition, all financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value. Gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value of 'financial assets or liabilities at fair value through profit or loss' category are presented in the statement of comprehensive income in the period in which they arise.

For further details on how the fair value of financial instruments is determined please see Note 4 to the financial statements.

#### (iv) Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the statement of financial position when the Fund has a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts, and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

As at the end of the reporting period, there are no financial assets or liabilities offset or with the right to offset in the statement of financial position.

### (c) Net assets attributable to unit holders

Units are redeemable at the unit holders' option; however, applications and redemptions may be suspended by the Responsible Entity if it is in the best interests of the unit holders.

The units can be put back to the Fund at any time for cash based on the redemption price.

The units are carried at the redemption amount that is payable at the reporting date if the holder exercises the right to put the units back to the Fund.

Units are classified as equity when they satisfy the following criteria under AASB 132 *Financial Instruments: Presentation*:

- the puttable financial instrument entitles the holder to a pro-rata share of net assets in the event of the Fund's liquidation;
- the puttable financial instrument is in the class of instruments that is subordinate to all other classes of instruments and class features are identical;
- the puttable financial instrument does not include any contractual obligations to deliver cash or another financial asset, or to exchange financial instruments with another entity under potentially unfavourable conditions to the Fund, and it is not a contract settled in the Fund's own equity instruments; and
- the total expected cash flows attributable to the puttable financial instrument over the life are based substantially on the profit or loss.

As at 30 June 2017, net assets attributable to unit holders are classified as a financial liability. Effective from 1 July 2017, the Fund's units have been reclassified from financial liability to equity as they satisfied all the above criteria.

### (d) Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of presentation in the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions and other short term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

Payments and receipts relating to the purchase and sale of investment securities are classified as cash flows from operating activities, as trading of these securities represent the Fund's main income generating activity.

## 2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

### (e) Investment income

#### (i) Interest income

Interest income earned on cash and cash equivalents is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income on an accruals basis. Changes in fair value of financial instruments are recorded in accordance with the policies described in Note 2(b) to the financial statements.

#### (ii) Dividends and distributions

Dividend income is recognised on the ex-dividend date with any related foreign withholding tax recorded as an expense. The Fund currently incurs withholding tax imposed by certain countries on investment income. Such income is recorded gross of withholding tax in the statement of comprehensive income.

Trust distributions are recognised on an entitlements basis.

### (f) Expenses

All expenses are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income on an accruals basis.

### (g) Income tax

Under current legislation, the Fund is not subject to income tax provided it attributes the entirety of its taxable income to its unit holders.

### (h) Distributions

The Fund may distribute its distributable income, in accordance with the Fund's Constitution, to unit holders by cash or reinvestment. The distributions are recognised in the statement of changes in equity.

### (i) Increase/decrease in net assets attributable to unit holders

Income not distributed is included in net assets attributable to unit holders. Where the Fund's units are classified as financial liabilities, movement in net assets attributable to unit holders are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income as finance costs.

### (j) Foreign currency translation

#### (i) Functional and presentation currency

Balances included in the Fund's financial statements are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which it operates (the "functional currency"). This is the Australian dollar, which reflects the currency of the economy in which the Fund competes for funds and is regulated. The Australian dollar is also the Fund's presentation currency.

#### (ii) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translations at year end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income.

The Fund does not isolate that portion of unrealised gains or losses on financial instruments that are measured at fair value through profit or loss and which is due to changes in foreign exchange rates. Such fluctuations are included with the net gains/(losses) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss.

## 2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

### (k) Due from/to brokers

Amounts due from/to brokers represent receivables for securities sold and payables for securities purchased that have been contracted for but not yet delivered by the year end. Trades are recorded on trade date, and for equities normally settled within two business days. A provision for impairment of amounts due from brokers is established when there is objective evidence that the Fund will not be able to collect all amounts due from the relevant broker. Indicators that the amount due from brokers is impaired include significant financial difficulties of the broker, probability that the broker will enter into bankruptcy or financial reorganisation and default in payments.

### (l) Receivables

Receivables may include amounts for interest and dividends. Dividends are accrued when the right to receive payment is established. Where applicable, interest is accrued on a daily basis. Amounts are generally received within 30 days of being recorded as receivables.

Collectability of receivables is reviewed on an ongoing basis. Receivables which are known to be uncollectable are written off by reducing the carrying amount directly. The amount of the impairment loss is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income within other expenses. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited against other expenses in the statement of comprehensive income.

### (m) Payables

Payables include liabilities, accrued expenses owed by the Fund and any distributions declared which are unpaid as at the end of the reporting period.

A separate distribution payable is recognised in the statement of financial position.

Distributions declared effective 30 June in relation to unit holders who have previously elected to reinvest distributions are recognised as reinvested effective 1 July of the following financial year.

### (n) Applications and redemptions

Applications received for units in the Fund are recorded net of any entry fees payable prior to the issue of units in the Fund. Redemptions from the Fund are recorded gross of any exit fees payable after the cancellation of units redeemed.

### (o) Goods and services tax (GST)

The GST incurred on the costs of various services provided to the Fund by third parties such as management, administration and custodian services where applicable, have been passed onto the Fund. The Fund qualifies for Reduced Input Tax Credits (RITC) at a rate of at least 55%. Hence, fees for these services and any other expenses have been recognised in the statement of comprehensive income net of the amount of GST recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office (ATO). Amounts payable are inclusive of GST. The net amount of GST recoverable from the ATO is included in receivables in the statement of financial position. Cash flows relating to GST are included in the statement of cash flows on a gross basis.

### (p) Use of estimates

The Fund makes estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities within the current and next financial year. Estimates are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

### (q) Rounding of amounts

The Fund is an entity of a kind referred to in *ASIC Corporations (Rounding in Financial/Directors' Reports) Instrument 2016/191* relating to the "rounding off" of amounts in the financial statements. Amounts in the financial statements have been rounded off to the nearest thousand dollars unless otherwise indicated.

### (r) Comparative revisions

Comparative information has been revised when appropriate to enhance comparability. Where necessary, comparative figures have been adjusted to conform to changes in presentation in the current year.



### 3 Financial risk management

The Fund's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks including market risk (which incorporates price risk, foreign exchange risk and interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk.

The Fund's overall risk management programme focuses on ensuring compliance with the Fund's Product Disclosure Statement and the investment guidelines of the Fund. It also seeks to maximise the returns derived for the level of risk to which the Fund is exposed to and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Fund's financial performance. The Fund's policy allows it to use derivative financial instruments in managing its financial risks.

All securities investments present a risk of loss of capital. The maximum loss of capital on long equity and debt securities is limited to the fair value of those positions.

The investments of the Fund, and associated risks, are managed by a specialist Investment Manager, Vasco Investment Managers Limited in accordance with the investment strategy and guidelines of the Fund, consistent with those stated in the Product Disclosure Statement.

The Fund uses different methods to measure different types of risk to which it is exposed. These methods are explained below.

#### (a) Market risk

##### (i) Price risk

The Fund is exposed to price risk on equity securities listed or quoted on recognised securities exchanges. Price risk arises from investments held by the Fund for which prices in the future are uncertain. Where non-monetary financial instruments are denominated in currencies other than the Australian dollar, the price in the future will also fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates which are considered a component of price risk.

The table in Note 3(b) summarises the sensitivities of the Fund's assets and liabilities to price risk. The analysis is based on the assumption that the markets in which the Fund invests moves by +/-10% (2017: +/-10%).

##### (ii) Foreign exchange risk

The Fund operates internationally and holds both monetary and non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in currencies other than the Australian dollar. Foreign exchange risk arises as the value of monetary securities denominated in other currencies fluctuate due to changes in exchange rates. The foreign exchange risk relating to non-monetary assets and liabilities is a component of price risk and not foreign exchange risk. However, the Investment Manager monitors the exposure of all foreign currency denominated assets and liabilities.

Foreign exchange risk is managed by the use of derivatives (foreign currency exchange forwards), which aims to limit the effect of currency movements between the Australian dollar and other currencies.

The table below summarises the fair value of the Fund's financial assets and liabilities, monetary and non-monetary, which are denominated in a currency other than the Australian dollar.

	US Dollars A\$'000	Hong Kong Dollars A\$'000	All other foreign currencies A\$'000
<b>As at 30 June 2018</b>			
Cash and cash equivalents	142	64	23
Receivables	-	77	-
Financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss	<u>2,364</u>	<u>13,494</u>	<u>-</u>
<b>Net exposure</b>	<u>2,506</u>	<u>13,635</u>	<u>23</u>
<b>As at 30 June 2017</b>			
Cash and cash equivalents	13	172	1
Receivables	-	14	-
Financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss	841	4,107	-
Due to brokers - payable for securities purchased	<u>-</u>	<u>(56)</u>	<u>-</u>
<b>Net exposure</b>	<u>854</u>	<u>4,237</u>	<u>1</u>

The table in Note 3(b) summarises the sensitivity of the Fund's monetary assets and liabilities to foreign exchange risk. The analysis is based on the assumption that the Australian dollar weakened and strengthened by 12% (2017: +/-12%) against the material foreign currencies to which the Fund is exposed.

### 3 Financial risk management (continued)

#### (a) Market risk (continued)

##### (iii) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that a financial instrument's value will fluctuate as a result of the changes in market interest rates. The majority of the Fund's financial assets and liabilities are non-interest bearing. As a result, the Fund is not subject to significant amounts of risks due to fluctuations in the prevailing levels of market interest rates. Any excess cash and cash equivalents are invested at short-term market interest rates.

#### (b) Summarised sensitivity analysis

The following table summarises the sensitivity of the Fund's operating profit and net assets attributable to unit holders to market risks. The reasonably possible movements in the risk variables have been determined based on management's best estimates, having regard to a number of factors, including historical levels of change in foreign exchange rates and historical correlation of the Fund's investments with the relevant benchmark and market volatility. However, actual movements in the risk variables may be greater or less than anticipated due to a number of factors, including unusually large market movements resulting from changes in the performance of and/or correlation between the performance of the economies, markets and securities in which the Fund invests. As a result, historic variations in risk variables should not be used to predict future variations in the risk variables.

	<b>Impact on operating profit/net assets attributable to unit holders</b>			
	<b>Price risk</b>		<b>Foreign exchange risk</b>	
	-10%	+10%	-12%	+12%
	<b>\$'000</b>	<b>\$'000</b>	<b>\$'000</b>	<b>\$'000</b>
<b>As at 30 June 2018</b>	<b>(1,586)</b>	<b>1,586</b>	<b>(27)</b>	<b>27</b>
As at 30 June 2017	(495)	495	(22)	22

#### (c) Credit risk

The Fund is exposed to credit risk, which is the risk that a counterparty will be unable to pay its obligations in full when they fall due, causing a financial loss to the Fund.

The Fund does not have a significant concentration of credit risk that arises from an exposure to a single counterparty or group of counterparties having similar characteristics. The main concentration of credit risk, to which the Fund is exposed, arises from cash and cash equivalents and amounts due from brokers balances. None of these assets are impaired nor past their due date. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date is the carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents and amounts due from brokers.

#### (d) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Fund may not be able to generate sufficient cash resources to settle its obligations in full as they fall due or can only do so on terms that are materially disadvantageous.

Exposure to liquidity risk for the Fund may arise from the requirement to meet daily unit holder redemption requests or to fund foreign exchange related cashflow requirements.

Liquidity risk is managed by maintaining a predominantly liquid portfolio through investing the majority of its assets in listed securities which are traded in an active market, and can be readily disposed of.

In order to manage the Fund's overall liquidity, the Responsible Entity has the discretion to reject an application for units and to defer or adjust redemption of units if the exercise of such discretion is in the best interests of unit holders. The Fund did not reject or withhold any redemptions during 2018 and 2017.

### 3 Financial risk management (continued)

#### (d) Liquidity risk (continued)

##### (i) Maturities of non-derivative financial liabilities

The table below analyses the Fund's non-derivative financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at reporting date to the contractual maturity date. The amounts in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows. Units are redeemed on demand at the unit holder's option. However, the Responsible Entity does not envisage that the contractual maturity disclosed in the table below will be representative of the actual cash outflows, as holders of these instruments typically retain them for the medium to long term.

	Less than 1 month \$'000	1-6 months \$'000	6-12 months \$'000	Over 12 months \$'000	Total \$'000
<b>As at 30 June 2018</b>					
Distributions payable	357	-	-	-	357
Payables	9	-	-	-	9
<b>Contractual cash flows (excluding derivatives)</b>	<b>366</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>366</b>
<b>As at 30 June 2017</b>					
Payables	11	-	-	-	11
Due to brokers - payable for securities purchased	56	-	-	-	56
Net assets attributable to unit holders - liability	5,497	-	-	-	5,497
<b>Contractual cash flows (excluding derivatives)</b>	<b>5,564</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>5,564</b>

### 4 Fair value measurement

The Fund measures and recognises financial assets and liabilities held at fair value through profit or loss on a recurring basis.

The Fund has no assets or liabilities measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis in the current reporting period.

AASB 13 *Fair Value Measurement* requires disclosure of fair value measurements by level of the following fair value measurement hierarchy:

- Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1);
- Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly (level 2); and
- Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs) (level 3).

The Fund values its investments in accordance with the accounting policies set out in Note 2 to the financial statements.

#### (a) Fair value in an active market (level 1)

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities traded in active markets (such as listed equity securities) are based on quoted market prices at the close of trading at the end of the reporting period without any deduction for estimated future selling costs.

The quoted market price used for financial assets held by the Fund is the current bid price; the quoted market price for financial liabilities is the current asking price.

A financial instrument is regarded as quoted in an active market if quoted prices are readily and regularly available from an exchange, dealer, broker, industry group, pricing service, or regulatory agency, and those prices represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis.

An active market is a market in which transactions for the asset or liability take place with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis.

#### 4 Fair value measurement (continued)

##### (b) Recognised fair value measurements

The table below presents the Fund's financial assets and liabilities measured and recognised at fair value as at 30 June 2018 and 30 June 2017.

	Level 1 \$'000	Level 2 \$'000	Level 3 \$'000	Total \$'000
<b>As at 30 June 2018</b>				
<b>Financial assets</b>				
Financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss:				
Listed equities	15,858	-	-	15,858
<b>Total financial assets</b>	<b>15,858</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>15,858</b>
<b>As at 30 June 2017</b>				
<b>Financial assets</b>				
Financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss:				
Listed equities	4,946	-	-	4,946
<b>Total financial assets</b>	<b>4,946</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>4,946</b>

##### (c) Transfer between levels

Management's policy is to recognise transfers into and transfers out of fair value hierarchy levels as at the end of the reporting period.

There were no transfers between levels in the fair value hierarchy at the end of the reporting period.

##### (d) Financial instruments not carried at fair value

The carrying value of receivables and payables are assumed to approximate their fair values.

Net assets attributable to unit holders' carrying value differ from its fair value (deemed to be redemption price for individual units) due to differences in valuation inputs. This difference is not material in the current or prior year.

#### 5 Net gains/(losses) on financial instruments held at fair value through profit or loss

Net gains/(losses) recognised in relation to financial assets and financial liabilities held at fair value through profit or loss:

	Year ended	
	30 June 2018 \$'000	30 June 2017 \$'000
<b>Financial assets</b>		
Net gain/(loss) on financial assets held for trading	(6)	(2)
Net gain/(loss) on financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss	2,035	1,443
Net gains/(losses) on financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss	2,029	1,441
Net realised gain/(loss) on financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss	657	48
Net unrealised gain/(loss) on financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss	1,372	1,393
Net gains/(losses) on financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss	2,029	1,441
<b>Total net gains/(losses) on financial instruments held at fair value through profit or loss</b>	<b>2,029</b>	<b>1,441</b>

## 6 Financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss

	30 June 2018 \$'000	As at 30 June 2017 \$'000
<b>Designated at fair value through profit or loss</b>		
Listed equity securities	<u>15,858</u>	<u>4,946</u>
Total designated at fair value through profit or loss	<u>15,858</u>	<u>4,946</u>
<b>Total financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss</b>	<u>15,858</u>	<u>4,946</u>

## 7 Net assets attributable to unit holders

Under AASB 132 *Financial Instruments: Presentation*, puttable financial instruments meet the definition of a financial liability to be classified as equity where certain strict criteria are met. The Fund shall classify a financial instrument as an equity instrument from the date when the instrument has all the features and meets the conditions.

Prior to 1 July 2017 the Fund classified its net assets attributable to unit holders as liabilities in accordance with AASB 132. On 1 July 2017, the Fund has elected into the AMIT tax regime. The Fund's Constitution has been amended on the same date and it no longer has a contractual obligation to pay distributions to unit holders. Therefore the net assets attributable to unit holders of the Fund meet the criteria set out under AASB 132 and are classified as equity from 1 July 2017 onwards.

As a result of the reclassification of net assets attributable to unit holders from liabilities to equity, the Fund's distributions are no longer classified as finance costs in the statement of comprehensive income, but rather as distributions paid and payable in the statement of changes in equity.

Movements in the number of units and net assets attributable to unit holders during the year were as follows:

	Year ended			
	30 June 2018 Units '000	30 June 2018 \$'000	30 June 2017 Units '000	30 June 2017 \$'000
Opening balance	4,742	5,497	5,239	4,543
Applications	9,592	13,529	955	982
Redemptions	(1,129)	(1,617)	(1,452)	(1,417)
Reinvestment of distributions	-	-	-	-
Increase/(decrease) in net assets attributable to unit holders	-	-	-	1,389
Distributions paid and payable	-	(357)	-	-
Profit/(loss) for the year	-	1,857	-	-
<b>Closing balance</b>	<u>13,205</u>	<u>18,909</u>	<u>4,742</u>	<u>5,497</u>

Net assets attributable to unit holders are classified as equity at 30 June 2018 and as a financial liability at 30 June 2017. Refer to Note 1 for further details.

As stipulated within the Fund's Constitution, each unit represents a right to an individual share in the Fund and does not extend to a right in the underlying assets of the Fund.

There are no separate classes of units and each unit has the same rights attaching to it as all other units of the Fund.

Units are redeemed on demand at the unit holder's option. However, holders of these instruments typically retain them for the medium to long term. As such, the amount expected to be settled within twelve months after the end of the reporting period cannot be reliably determined.

## 7 Net assets attributable to unit holders (continued)

### Capital risk management

The Fund considers its net assets attributable to unit holders as capital, notwithstanding that net assets attributable to unit holders are classified as a liability until 30 June 2017. The amount of net assets attributable to unit holders can change significantly on a daily basis as the Fund is subject to daily applications and redemptions at the discretion of unit holders.

Daily applications and redemptions are reviewed relative to the liquidity of the Fund's underlying assets on a daily basis by the Responsible Entity. Under the terms of the Fund's Constitution, the Responsible Entity has the discretion to reject an application for units and to defer or adjust a redemption of units if the exercise of such discretion is in the best interests of unit holders.

## 8 Distributions to unit holders

The distributions declared for the year were as follows:

	Year ended			
	30 June 2018 \$'000	30 June 2018 CPU	30 June 2017 \$'000	30 June 2017 CPU
<b>Distributions</b>				
June (payable)	357	2.70	-	-
<b>Total distributions</b>	<u>357</u>	<u>2.70</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

## 9 Cash and cash equivalents

	As at	
	30 June 2018 \$'000	30 June 2017 \$'000
Cash at bank	3,334	550
<b>Total cash and cash equivalents</b>	<u>3,334</u>	<u>550</u>

These accounts are earning a floating interest rate of between 0% and 0.50% as at 30 June 2018 (2017: 0% and 0.50%).

## 10 Reconciliation of profit/(loss) to net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities

	Year ended	
	30 June 2018 \$'000	30 June 2017 \$'000
<b>(a) Reconciliation of profit/(loss) to net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities</b>		
Profit/(loss) for the year	1,857	-
Increase/(decrease) in net assets attributable to unit holders	-	1,389
Proceeds from sale of financial instruments held at fair value through profit or loss	5,221	4,286
Purchase of financial instruments held at fair value through profit or loss	(14,160)	(3,392)
Net (gains)/losses on financial instruments held at fair value through profit or loss	(2,029)	(1,441)
Net foreign exchange gain/(loss)	(10)	4
Net change in receivables	(15)	58
Net change in payables	(2)	(1)
<b>Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities</b>	<u>(9,138)</u>	<u>903</u>

## 10 Reconciliation of profit/(loss) to net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities (continued)

As described in Note 2(i), income not distributed is included in net assets attributable to unit holders. The change in this amount for the year (as reported in (a) above) represents a non-cash financing cost as it is not settled in cash until such time as it becomes distributable.

## 11 Receivables

	As at	
	30 June 2018 \$'000	30 June 2017 \$'000
Dividends receivable	77	14
Interest receivable	1	-
GST receivable	5	7
Other receivables	-	47
<b>Total receivables</b>	<b>83</b>	<b>68</b>

## 12 Payables

	As at	
	30 June 2018 \$'000	30 June 2017 \$'000
Management fees payable	9	6
Fixed expense recovery fees payable	-	5
<b>Total payables</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>11</b>

## 13 Remuneration of auditor

During the year the following fees were paid or payable for services provided by the auditor of the Fund:

	Year ended	
	30 June 2018 \$	30 June 2017 \$
<b>Ernst &amp; Young</b>		
<i>Audit and other assurance services</i>		
Audit of financial statements	9,000	8,000
Audit of compliance plan	1,731	-
Total remuneration for audit and other assurance services	<b>10,731</b>	<b>8,000</b>
<i>Taxation services</i>		
Tax compliance services	7,100	8,100
Total remuneration for taxation services	<b>7,100</b>	<b>8,100</b>
<b>Total remuneration of Ernst &amp; Young</b>	<b>17,831</b>	<b>16,100</b>

The auditor's remuneration is borne by the Investment Manager. Fees are stated exclusive of GST.





## 14 Related party transactions (continued)

### (g) Responsible Entity and Investment Manager's fees and other transactions

Under the terms of the Fund's Constitution and the current Product Disclosure Statement for the Fund, the Responsible Entity and the Investment Manager are entitled to receive management fees.

The transactions during the year and amounts payable at year end between the Fund, the Responsible Entity and the Investment Manager were as follows:

	Year ended	
	30 June 2018	30 June 2017
	\$	\$
Investment management fees for the year	258,261	61,454
Fixed expense recovery fees for the year	51,178	49,163
Total fees payable to the Investment Manager at year end	8,689	6,003
Total fixed expense recovery fees payable at year end	-	4,082

For information on how management fees are calculated please refer to the Fund's Product Disclosure Statement.

### (h) Related party unit holdings

Parties related to the Fund (including EQT Responsible Entity Services Ltd, its related parties and other schemes managed by EQT Responsible Entity Services Ltd and the Investment Manager) held units in the Fund, as follows:

	Number of units held opening	Number of units held closing	Fair value of investments \$	Interest held %	Number of units acquired	Number of units disposed	Distributions paid or payable by the Fund \$
<b>As at 30 June 2018</b>							
EQT Responsible Entity Services Ltd	100	101	-	-	1	-	-
<b>As at 30 June 2017</b>							
EQT Responsible Entity Services Ltd	100	100	-	-	-	-	-

### (i) Investments

The Fund did not hold any investments in EQT Responsible Entity Services Ltd or its related parties during the year (2017: nil).

## 15 Events occurring after the reporting period

No significant events have occurred since the end of the year which would impact on the financial position of the Fund as disclosed in the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2018 or on the results and cash flows of the Fund for the year ended on that date.

## 16 Contingent assets and liabilities and commitments

There are no outstanding contingent assets, liabilities or commitments as at 30 June 2018 and 30 June 2017.

## Directors' declaration

In the opinion of the directors of the Responsible Entity:

- (a) The financial statements and notes set out on pages 6 to 24 are in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:
  - (i) complying with Australian Accounting Standards, the *Corporations Regulations 2001* and other mandatory professional reporting requirements; and
  - (ii) giving a true and fair view of the Fund's financial position as at 30 June 2018 and of its performance for the financial year ended on that date.
- (b) There are reasonable grounds to believe that the Fund will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.
- (c) Note 2(a) confirms that the financial statements also comply with the International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the directors of EQT Responsible Entity Services Ltd through a delegated authority given by the EQT Responsible Entity Services Ltd's Board.



Philip D Gentry  
Chairman

Melbourne  
26 September 2018

# Independent Auditor's Report to the unitholders of ChinaAMC China Opportunities Fund

## Opinion

We have audited the financial report of ChinaAMC China Opportunities Fund (the "Fund"), which comprises the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2018, the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies, and the directors' declaration.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial report of the Fund is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:

- a) giving a true and fair view of the Fund's financial position as at 30 June 2018 and of its financial performance for the year ended on that date; and
- b) complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Regulations 2001*.

## Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report* section of our report. We are independent of the Fund in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* (the "Code") that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

## Information Other than the Financial Report and Auditor's Report Thereon

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information is the directors' report accompanying the financial report.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

## Responsibilities of the Directors for the Financial Report

The directors of the Responsible Entity are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001* and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the directors are responsible for assessing the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters relating to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Fund or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

## Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fund's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial report or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Fund to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the disclosures, and whether the financial report represents the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.



We communicate with the directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

*Ernst & Young*

Ernst & Young

*Rohit Khanna*

Rohit Khanna  
Partner  
Sydney  
26 September 2018